

Association Discovery

Finding Meaningful **Correlations**

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Association Discovery



- An unsupervised learning technique
 - No labels necessary
 - Useful for data discovery
- Finds "significant" correlations/associations/relations
 - Shopping cart: Coffee and sugar
 - Medical: High plasma glucose and diabetes
- Expresses them as "if then rules"
 - If "antecedent" then "consequent"
 - Significance measures
- BigML: "Magnum Opus" from Geoff Webb

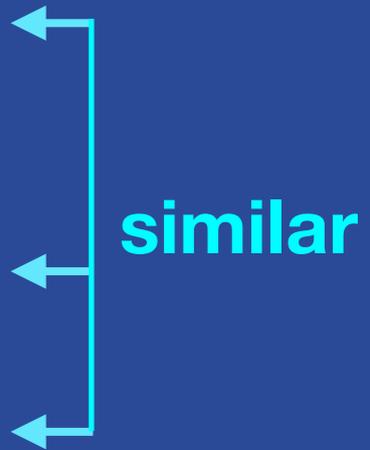
Clusters



date	customer	account	auth	class	zip	amount
Mon	Bob	3421	pin	clothes	46140	135
Tue	Bob	3421	sign	food	46140	401
Tue	Alice	2456	pin	food	12222	234
Wed	Sally	6788	pin	gas	26339	94
Wed	Bob	3421	pin	tech	21350	2459
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Anomaly Detection



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←anomaly

Association Discovery



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{customer = Bob, account = 3421}

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{customer = Bob, account = 3421} → zip = 46140

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{customer = Bob, account = 3421}



zip = 46140

{class = gas}

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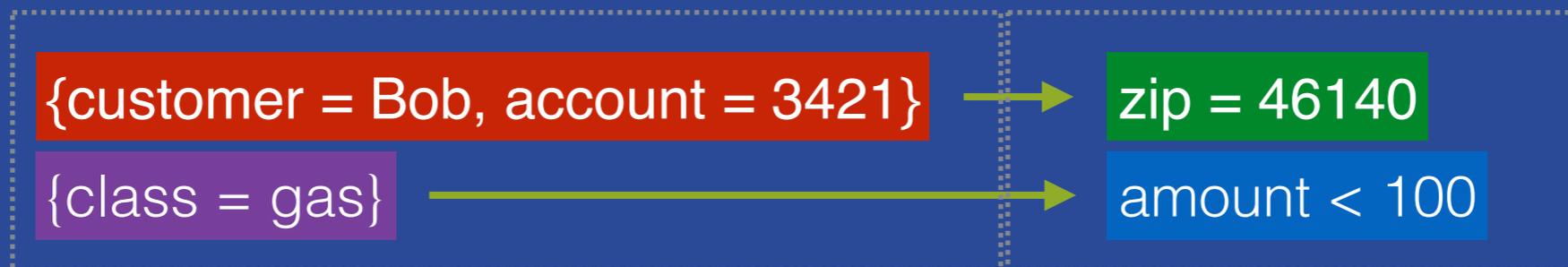


amount < 100

Association Discovery

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Rules:



Antecedent → **Consequent**

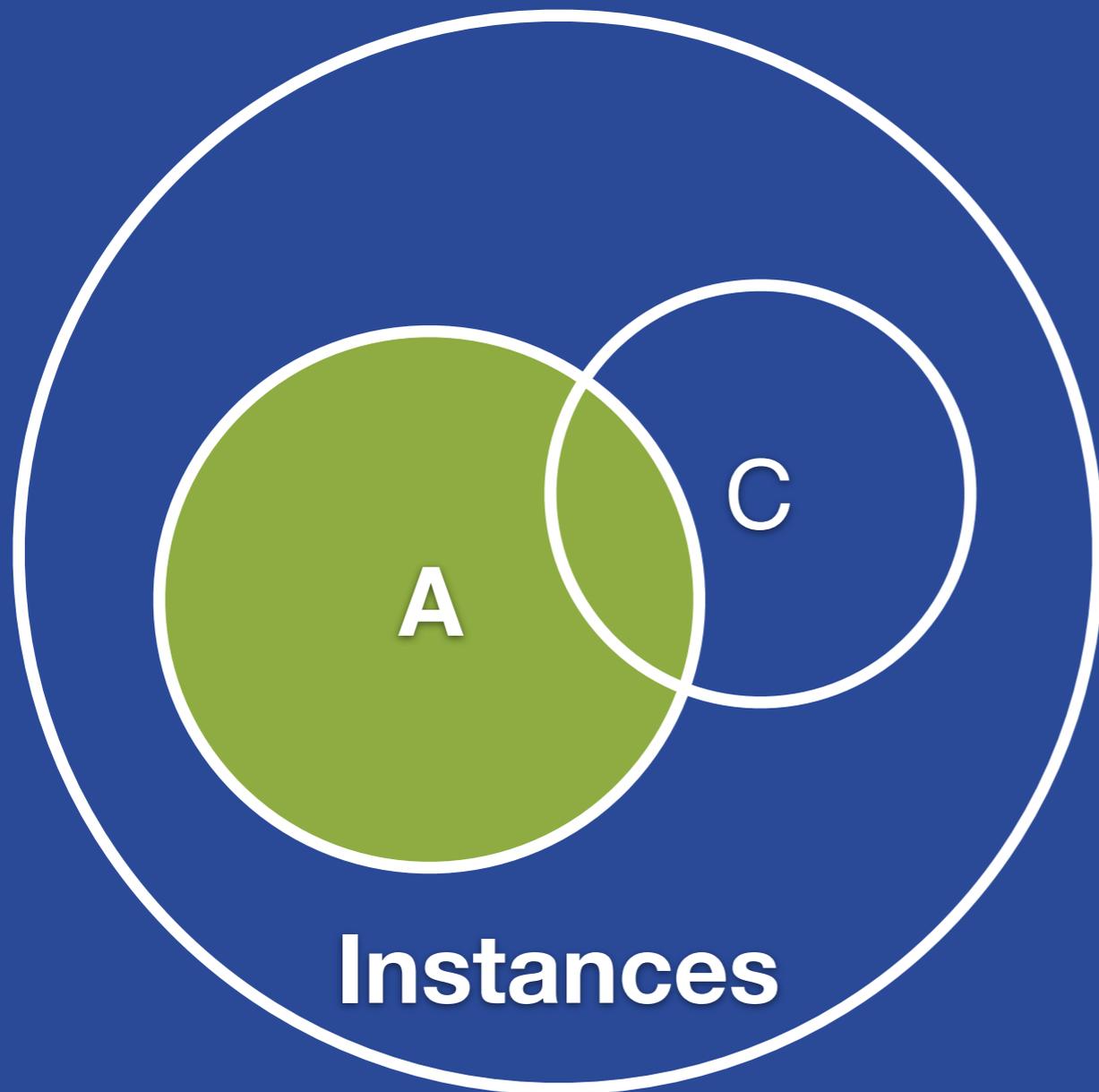
- Market Basket Analysis: Items that go together
- Data Discovery: how do instances relate?
- Behaviors that occur together
 - Web usage patterns
 - Intrusion detection
 - Fraud detection
- Bioinformatics
 - gene expression associated with outcomes
- Medical risk factors

What is interesting?

- In-frequent patterns can be strong, but are they interesting?
 - ✗ Vodka and caviar
 - ✓ Storms and high water sales
- Frequent patterns can be strong, but are they interesting?
 - ✗ Coffee and milk
 - ✓ High plasma glucose and diabetes
- “Frequency” isn’t the answer...
 - Depends on the data and domain
 - We need better metrics to define what is interesting

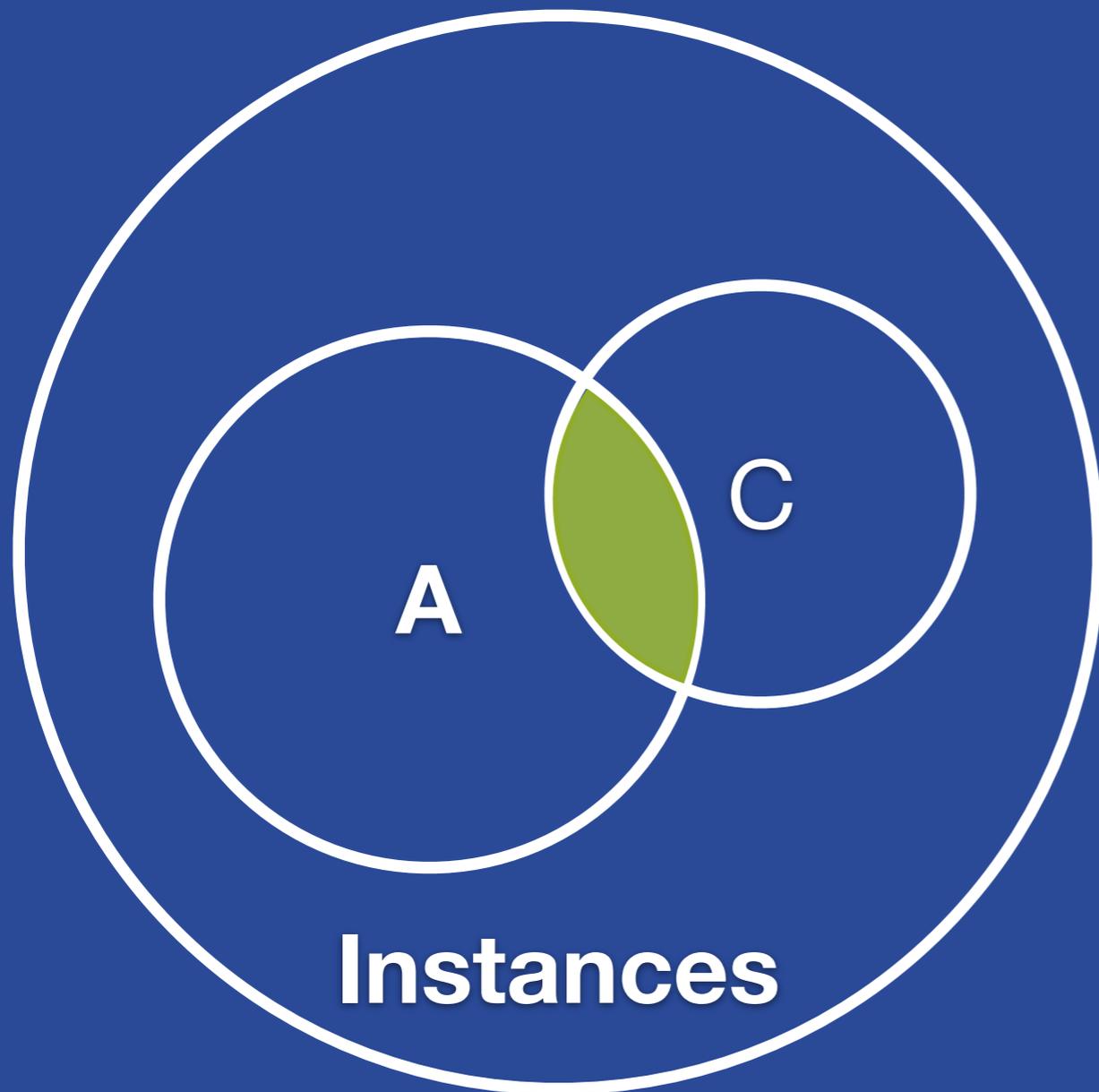
Coverage

Percentage of instances which match antecedent “A”



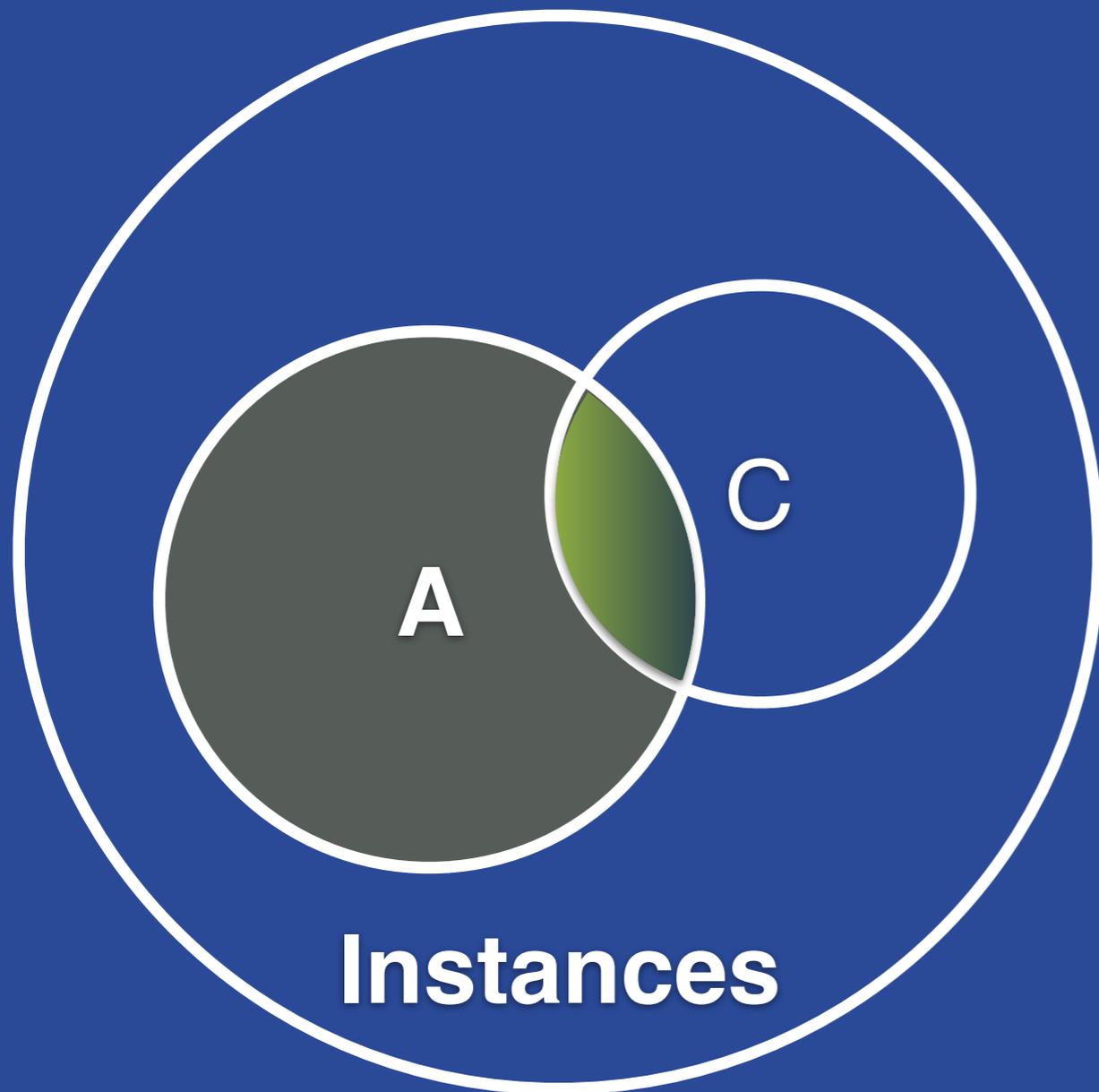
Support

Percentage of instances which match antecedent “A” **and** Consequent “C”



Confidence

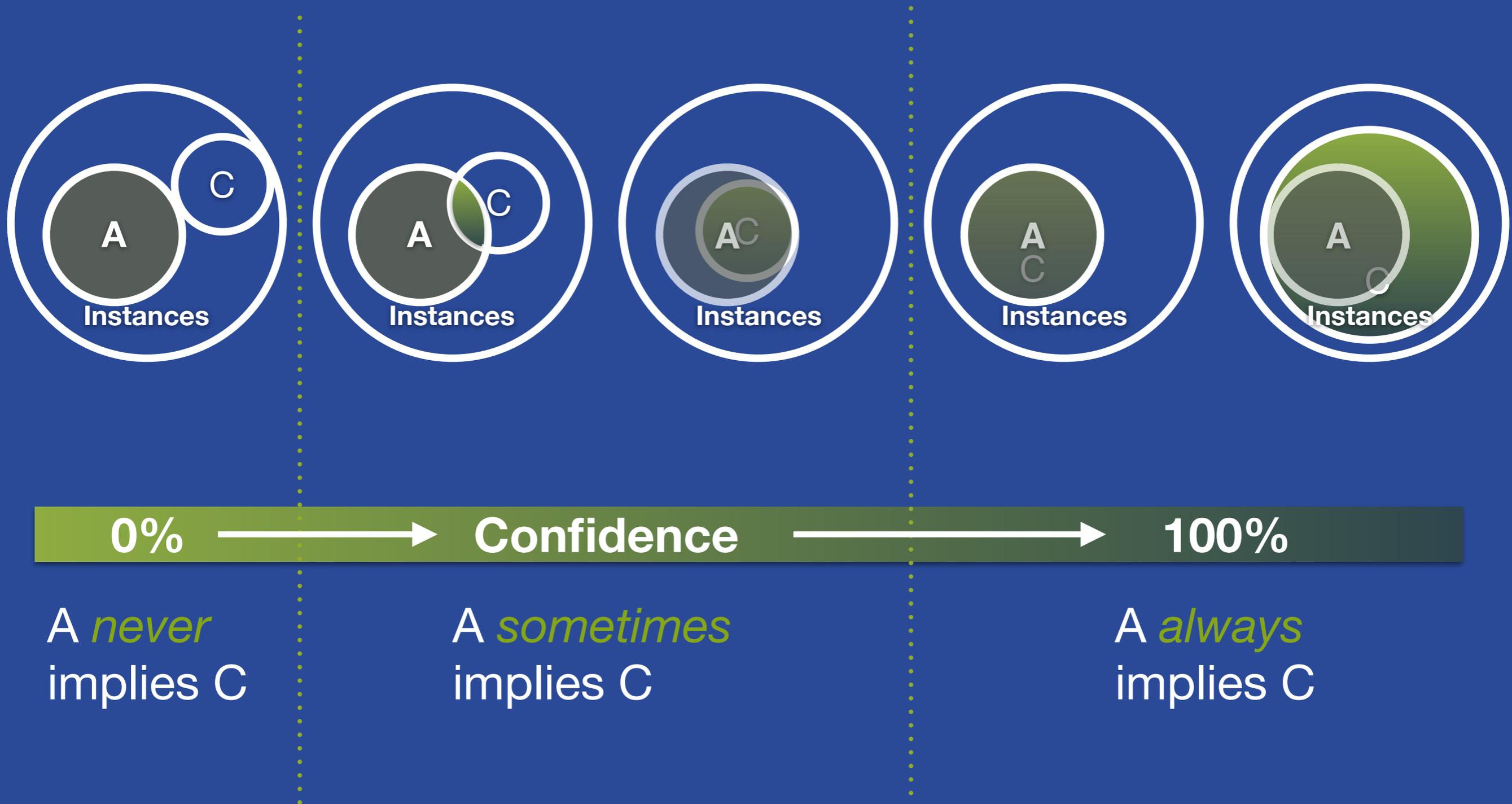
Percentage of instances in the antecedent which **also** contain the consequent.



Support

Coverage

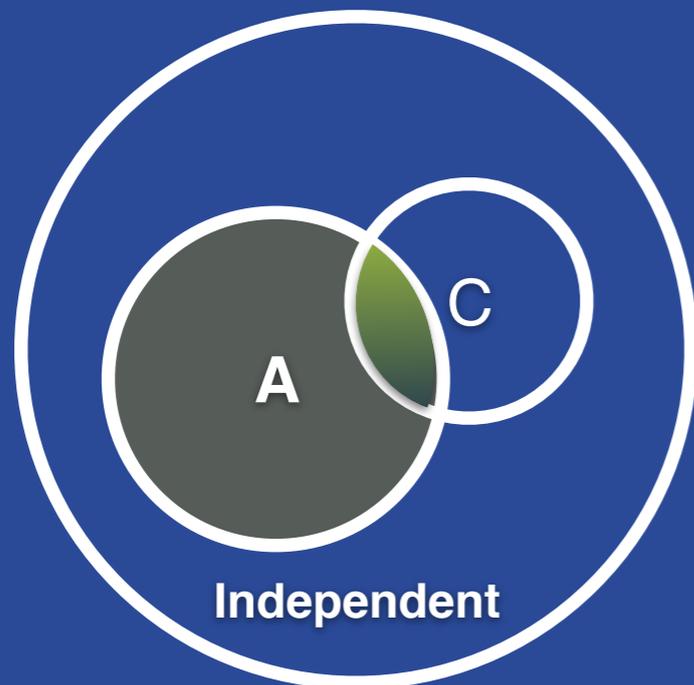
Association Metrics





Lift

Ratio of observed support to support if A and C were statistically independent.

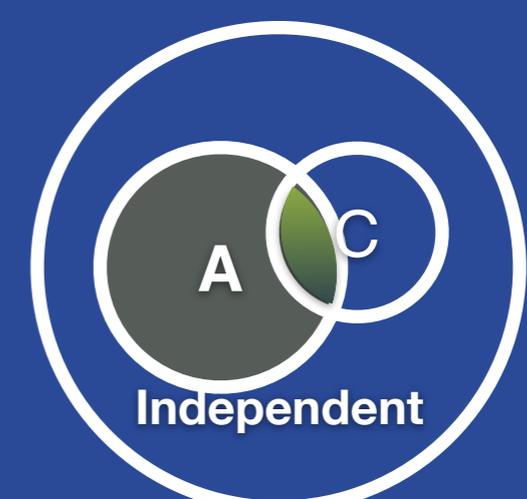
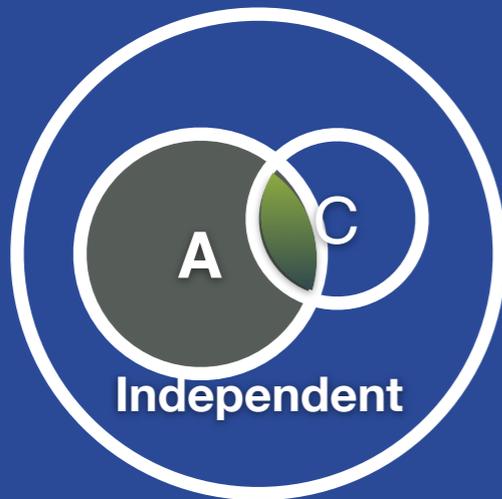
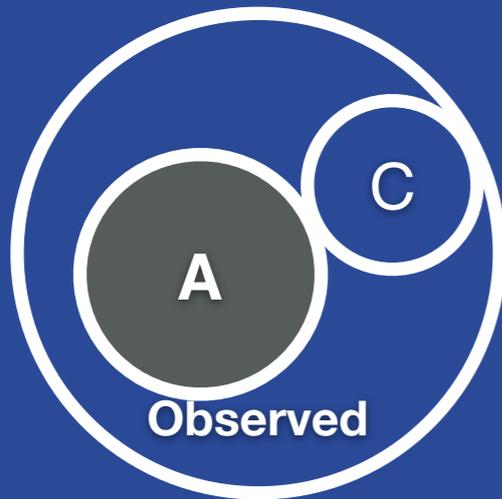


$$\frac{\text{Support}}{p(A) * p(C)} == \frac{\text{Confidence}}{p(C)}$$

Problem:

if $p(C)$ is "small" then...
lift may be large.

Association Metrics



< 1



Lift = 1



> 1

Negative
Correlation

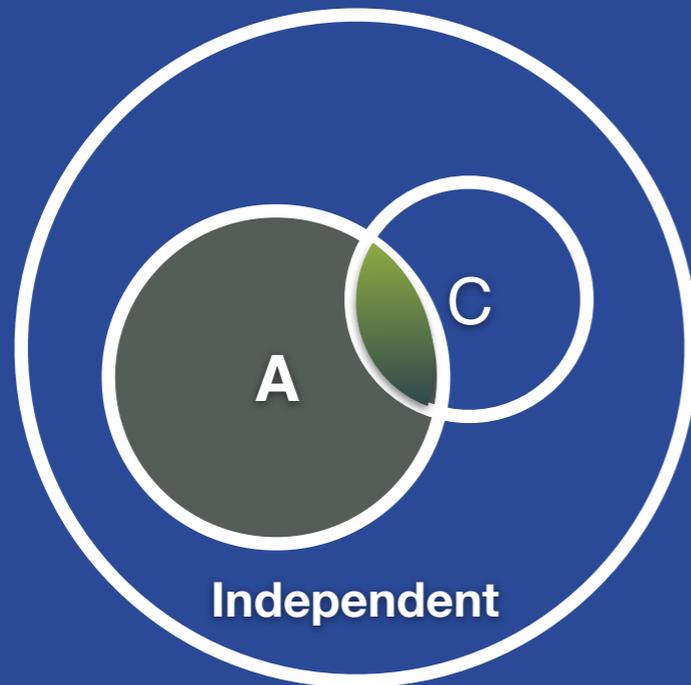
No Correlation

Positive
Correlation



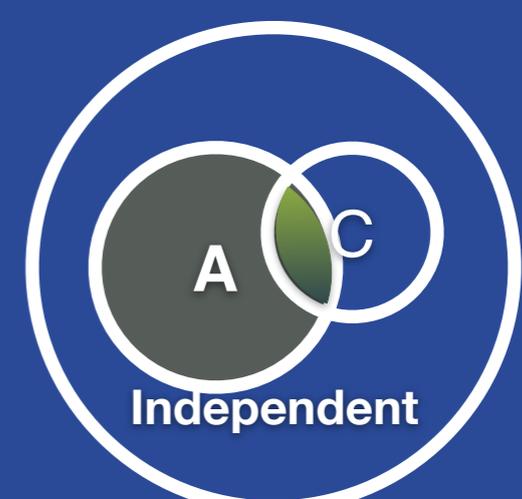
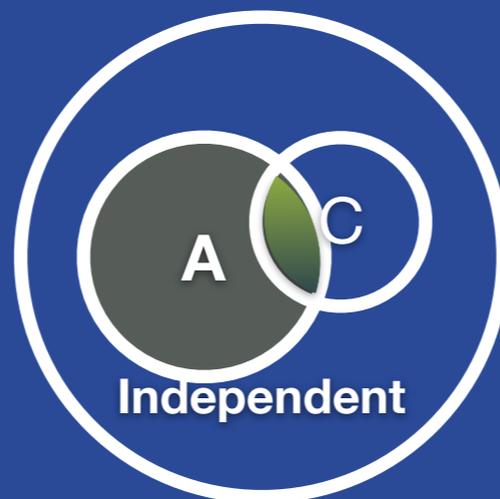
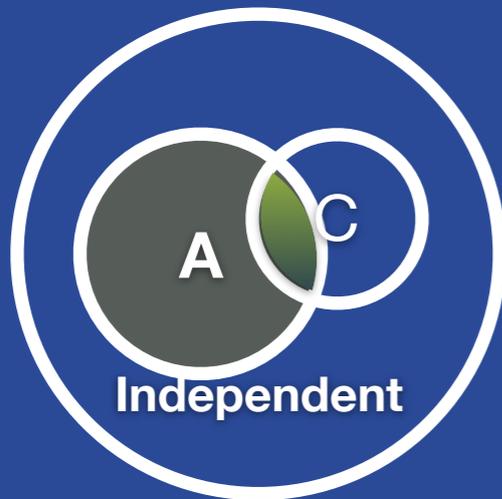
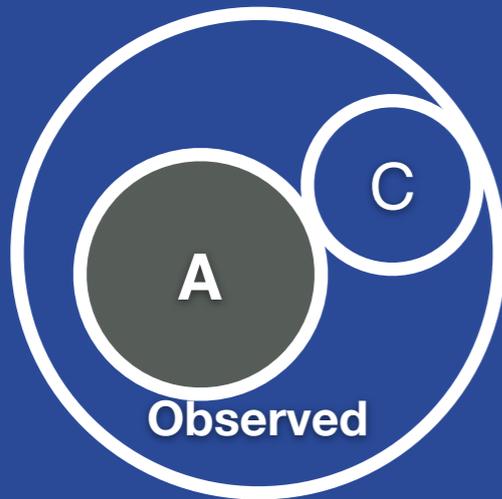
Leverage

Difference of observed support and support if A and C were statistically independent.



$$\text{Support} - [p(A) * p(C)]$$

Association Metrics



-1... **< 0** **Leverage = 0** **> 0**

**Negative
Correlation**

No Correlation

**Positive
Correlation**

- Select measure of interest: Leverage, Lift, etc
- System finds the top-**k** associations on that measure within constraints
 - Must be statistically significant interaction between antecedent and consequent
 - Every item in the antecedent must increase the strength of association

1. **Search Strategy**: Support/Coverage/Confidence/Lift/Leverage
2. **Max Number of Associations**: 1 to 500 (default 100)
3. **Max Items in Antecedent**: 1 to 10 (default 4)
4. **Complement Items**: True / False
 - False: Coffee and...
 - True: **Not** Coffee and...
5. **Missing Items**: True / False
 - False: Loan Description contains "Ferrari" and...
 - True: Loan Description is missing and...

Data Types

1 2 3

1, 2.0, 3, -5.4

numeric

A B C

true, yes, red, mammal

categorical

DATE-TIME

2013-09-25 10:02

date-time

text

Be not afraid of greatness:
some are born great,
some achieve greatness,
and some have greatness
thrust upon 'em.

text

YYYY-MM-DD

YEAR

2013

YYYY-MM-DD

MONTH

September

YYYY-MM-DD

DAY-OF-MONTH

25

M-T-W-T-F-S-D

DAY-OF-WEEK

Wednesday

HH:MM:SS

HOUR

10

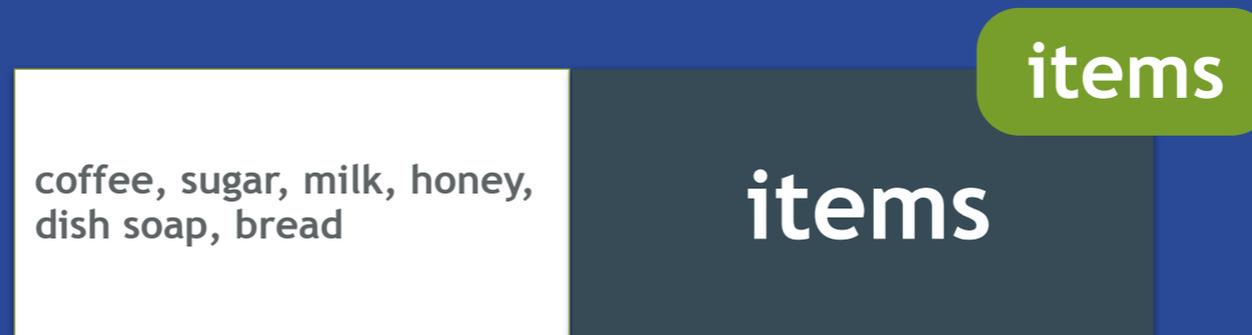
HH:MM:SS

MINUTE

02

great
born
afraid
some

“great” appears 2 times
“afraid” appears 1 time
“born” appears 1 time
“some” appears 2 times



- Canonical example: shopping cart contents
- Single feature describing a list of items
- Each item separated by a comma (default)



- Dataset of 9,834 grocery cart transactions
- Each row is a list of all items in a cart at checkout

GOAL: *Discover “interesting” rules about what store items are typically purchased together.*

Association Demo #1



- Dataset of diagnostic measurements of 768 patients.
- Each patient labelled True/False for diabetes.

GOAL: Find general rules that indicate diabetes.

Association Demo #2

Decision Tree

If **plasma glucose** > 155
and **bmi** > 29.32
and **diabetes pedigree** > 0.32
and **insulin** ≤ 629
and **age** ≤ 44

then diabetes = TRUE

Association Rule

If **plasma glucose** > 146
then **diabetes** often TRUE

Association Demo #3

Your Turn!



- Starting from the 1-click Diabetes cluster (gmeans)
- Create a Batch Centroid and output as a Dataset
- Create an Association Discovery:
 - Specify the consequent as the cluster assignment
- Can you generalize any of the cluster groups?

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